

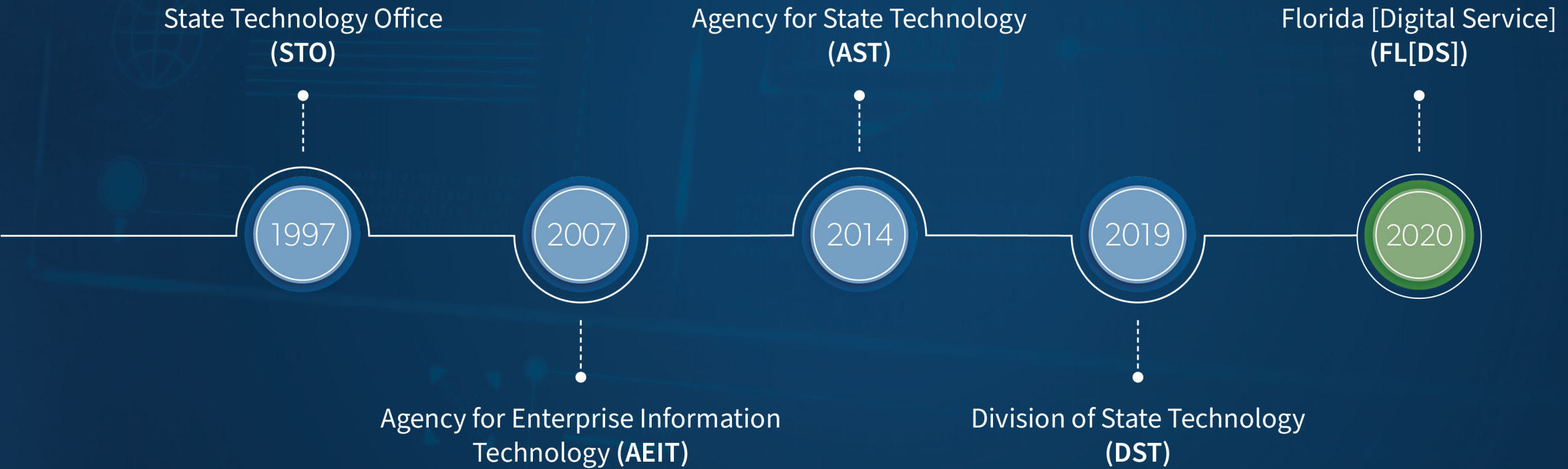
Florida [Digital Service]

# CYBERSECURITY OPERATIONS

Leading on Cybersecurity for Florida

# The History of State Technology in Florida

So Challenged that it has Successfully Defied the Law of Bureaucracy



# The Costs of Not Getting it Right

Since 2005, in Florida there have been...

FIVE  
\$10 MILLION+  
canceled IT projects  
resulting in

**\$157.4 MILLION**

in wasted funds. <sup>1</sup>

SEVEN  
\$10 MILLION+  
completed IT projects  
that went collectively

over budget by

**\$327.5 MILLION.** <sup>1</sup>

In 2020,

**CYBERCRIMES**

cost Florida

**\$295 MILLION,** <sup>2</sup>

which ranks

**4<sup>th</sup> HIGHEST IN  
THE U.S.**

1. Leznoff, Joanne. 2021. "FDS- Florida Digital Service." House Government Operations Subcommittee. Florida House of Representatives.

2. Sharton, Brenda. 2021. "Ransomware Attacks are Spiking. Is your Company Prepared?" Harvard Business Review. Available at: <https://hbr.org/2021/05/ransomware-attacks-are-spiking-is-your-company-prepared>

# FLORIDA [DIGITAL SERVICE]

- Established in 2020. (HB 1391)
- Charged with creating innovative solutions that securely modernize state government.
- Partners with all state agencies to lead state technology into the future.
  - A common misconception is that FL[DS] operates constituent facing technology; it does not.
- Designated the lead entity on cybersecurity in 2021. (HB 1297)



## OUR MISSION

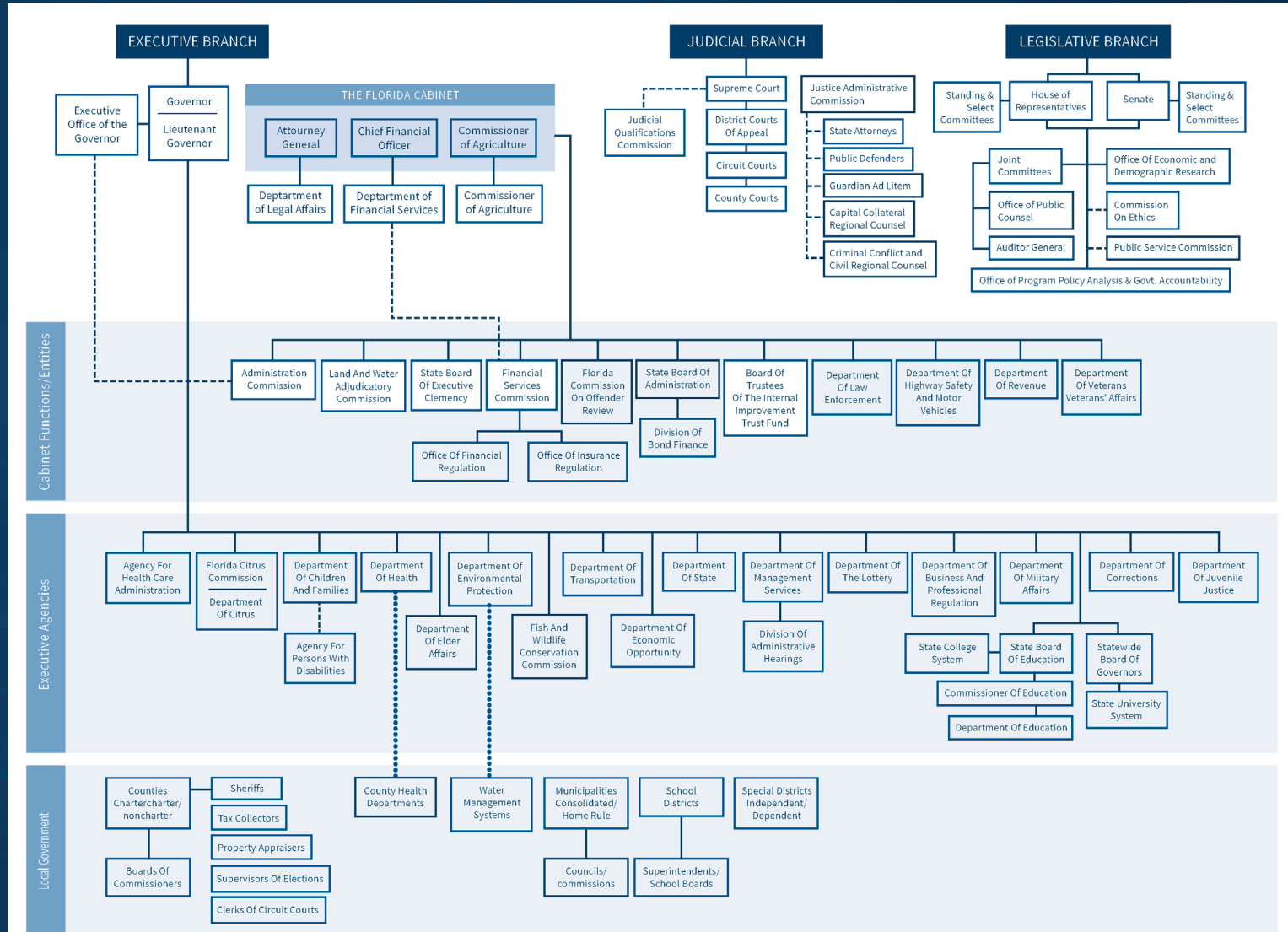
To deliver better government services and transparency to Floridians through design and technology.

# The Org Chart of State Government

...before considering cities, counties, special districts, and the rest

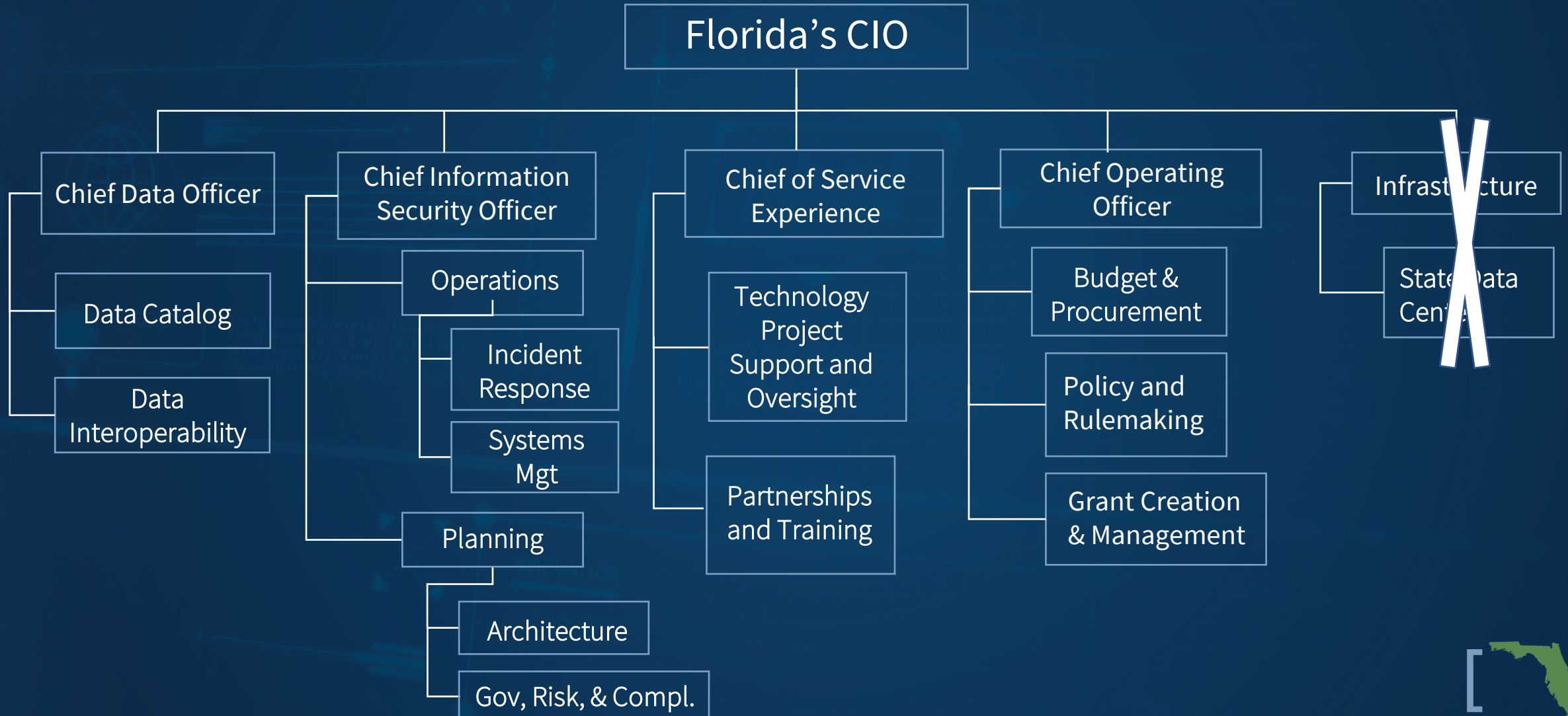
Across state agencies there are...

- Inconsistent reporting structures, capabilities, and resources.
- Varying levels of staff knowledge, experience, training, and skills.
- Differing infrastructure, software, hardware, and programming language.





# The Structure of the Florida Digital Service



# Launching Cybersecurity Across State Government: The 2021 Legislative Session



# Legislation: HB 1297 (2021)

Designated FL[DS] as the Lead Entity for Cybersecurity, responsible for:

- Establishing, operating, and maintaining Florida's first Cybersecurity Operations Center ("CSOC").
- Developing a process for detecting, reporting, and responding to threats, breaches, or cybersecurity incidents.
- Detecting threats through proactive monitoring, continuous security monitoring, and defined detection processes.
- Establishing incident response teams.
- Establishing managerial, operational, and technical safeguards for protecting state government data and information technology resources.
- Recovering state data in the event of a cybersecurity incident.

Created the Florida Cybersecurity Advisory Council

- Expanded upon the successes of the Cybersecurity Task Force to create a council.

Created ESF-20

- Established cybersecurity as a function of the State Emergency Response Team.

Training for State Government

- Establishing cybersecurity training requirements for state agencies and employees.





# Funding the Launch of Enterprise Cybersecurity

\$30 million was appropriated to FL[DS] in reserve, pending a satisfactory Operational Work Plan and Budget Amendment, to implement the recommendations of the Florida Cybersecurity Task Force Final Report.

## Phase 1: Ending the Siloed Approach to Cybersecurity

- \$15.9 million spent on behalf of 21 agencies to modernize and protect the Microsoft Office environment.
- Security data being received from and shared with each participating agency.
- Leveraged buying power to create 25% (\$4 million) savings for the state.

## Phase 2: State of Florida's Cybersecurity Operations Center (CSOC)

- ~ \$11 million spent to provide the core fundamentals of a Cybersecurity Operations Center.
- Managed security services, asset discovery, endpoint detection and response, content delivery network, and a cyber range with training curriculum.

Phase 3 is currently being developed...



# Expanding and Accelerating the Mission: The 2022 Legislative Session



# Cybersecurity Policy

- HB 7055
  - Ransomware incident reporting and prohibition against payment.
  - Requiring local governments to adopt security standards.
  - Reporting and training enhancements.
- HB 7057: Exempting Public Records for all Agencies (state and local)
  - Coverage limits and deductibles.
  - Information relating to critical infrastructure.
  - Network schematics, hardware and software configurations, and response practices.



# Cybersecurity Funding

- Funding to the Florida [Digital Service] (\$85.4 million)
  - \$50 million to continue and scale Enterprise Cybersecurity Program.
  - \$30 million to launch a competitive grant program to fund cybersecurity initiatives in cities and counties.
  - \$5.4 million to administer federal grant funds.
- Funding to Florida Center for Cybersecurity at USF
  - \$7 million to perform a comprehensive risk assessment of critical infrastructure.
  - \$30 million to provide statewide training opportunities.



# Florida's First Cybersecurity Operations Center

## Developing Security Capabilities from the Ground Up

FL[DS] is required to establish, operate, and maintain a Cybersecurity Operations Center (“CSOC”) which is primarily virtual and can support the entirety of state government. In designing an operation to meet the needs of the state, FL[DS] had to choose one of three types of predominant program designs:

1. Single-Stack: choosing one cybersecurity vendor to buy all capabilities through which significantly reduces product options but eliminates the need for third party integrations.
2. Systems Integrator: procuring a single vendor to run the initiative and outsource all technology decision making to that vendor (i.e. Deloitte, Accenture, KPMG, etc.)
3. Multi-Vendor and Vendor Agnostic: a federated model which supports numerous vendors and solutions but does require product integrations.

FL[DS] selected #3 as the design for the CSOC, for the following reasons and more:

- Establish a single point of ingestion, translation, and access for cybersecurity data.
- Avoid becoming completely dependent upon a single vendor.
- Provide access to the best solutions for each function.
- Avoid requiring agencies to adopt a single technology stack for all necessary functions.
- Preventing agencies from having to rip and replace certain solutions already deployed.





# Florida's First Cybersecurity Operations Center

## Areas of Focus at the State and Local Level

- **Asset Discovery** to identify and inventory enterprise technology resources by using agentless, agent-based, and internet-facing asset discovery.
- **Managed SOC Solution and Services** software which integrates all other incorporated solutions and is supported by a 24/7/365 Managed Security Services to exponentially increase security personnel.
- **Endpoint Detection and Response** to provide comprehensive and complimentary enterprise support.
- **Identity and Access Management** solutions to facilitate federated and security IAM capabilities.
- **Content Delivery Network** to manage and secure enterprise web assets, both .com and .gov.
- **Training** Cyber range infrastructure and curriculum to support cybersecurity training and skill development.
- **Governance, Risk, and Compliance** tools to support the identification, infrastructure, and curriculum to support cybersecurity training and skill development.
- **Standardized Ticketing and Reporting** solutions to support more efficient communication of cybersecurity needs and incident response.





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