### ORDINANCE NO. 2022-10

AN ORDINANCE OF THE TOWN OF INDIALANTIC, BREVARD COUNTY, FLORIDA RELATING TO SMOKING AT THE OCEAN BEACH AND IN PUBLIC PARKS; MAKING FINDINGS; ADDING SECTIONS 8-8 AND 8-91, TOWN OF INDIALANTIC CODE OF ORDINANCES; AMENDING SECTION 26-70 RELATING TO DEFINITIONS; AMENDING SECTION 26-71 RELATING TO SMOKING; AMENDING SECTION 26-73 RELATING TO PENALTIES; PROVIDING A SEVERABILITY/INTERPRETATION CLAUSE; AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

WHEREAS, the Florida Legislature adopted Chapter 2022-213, Laws of Florida, which amends Section 386.209, Florida Statutes of the Florida Clean Air Act; and

WHEREAS, Section 386.209, Florida Statutes, now provides that the Town may further restrict smoking within the boundaries of any public beaches and public parks that they own, except that the Town may not further restrict the smoking of unfiltered cigars; and

WHEREAS, the legislation provides that the Town may further restrict smoking within the boundaries of public beaches and public parks that are within its jurisdiction but are owned by the county, unless such restriction conflicts with a county ordinance, except that they may not further restrict the smoking of unfiltered cigars; and

WHEREAS, the youth of our community and communities throughout Florida currently play on playgrounds, athletic fields, skate parks, aquatic facilities and other recreation facilities with inconsiderate smokers around the children and providing them unhealthy secondhand smoke; and

WHEREAS, Section 386.203, Florida Statutes, defines "secondhand smoke" as also being known as environmental tobacco smoke (ETS), "as smoke emitted from lighted, smoldering, or burning tobacco when the smoker is not inhaling; smoke emitted at the mouthpiece during puff drawing; and smoke exhaled by the smoker" and "smoking" as "inhaling, exhaling, burning, carrying, or possessing any lighted tobacco product, including cigarettes, cigars, pipe tobacco, and any other lighted tobacco product"; and

WHEREAS, a report by the United States Department of Health and Human Services, Surgeon General states tobacco smoke contains over 7,000 chemicals, including hundreds that are toxic and up to 69 that are known to cause cancer; and

WHEREAS, exposure to secondhand smoke can cause numerous health

problems and has been linked to cancer and other fatal diseases; and

WHEREAS, the staff analysis published for the Florida Clean Indoor Act legislative amendments in House Bill 105 references various studies from the United Heath Foundation, America's Health Rankings, the Centers for Diseases Control and Prevention, and others on the impact smoking has on the health of citizens; and

WHEREAS, the reports referenced in the staff analysis for the Florida Clean Indoor Act legislative amendments in House Bill 105 further states that secondhand smoke is generally defined as smoke from burning tobacco products or smoke that is exhaled by a tobacco smoker; and

WHEREAS, exposure to secondhand smoke can cause numerous health problems and has been causally linked to cancer and other fatal diseases; and

WHEREAS, in 2021, an estimated 15.5 percent of the adults in Florida were tobacco smokers. See United Health Foundation, America's Health Rankings, Annual Report, https://www.americashealthrankings.org/explore/annual/measure/Smoking/state/FL (last visited Feb. 11, 2022); U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, The Health Consequences of Smoking—50 Years of Progress: A Report of the Surgeon General, 148 (2014), https://www.surgeongeneral.gov/library/reports/50-years-of-progress/full-report.pdf(last visited Feb. 11, 2022); and

WHEREAS, Tobacco smoke contains over 7,000 chemicals, including hundreds that are toxic and up to 69 that are known to cause cancer. *Id.*; and

WHEREAS, more than 480,000 deaths annually in the United States are caused by cigarette smoking, with exposure to secondhand smoke causing an estimated 41,000 deaths each year. See Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Tobacco-Related Mortality, https://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/data\_statistics/fact\_sheets/health\_effects/tobacco\_related\_mortality/index.htm (last visited Feb. 11, 2022); and

WHEREAS, exposure to secondhand smoke can cause numerous health problems and has been causally linked to cancer and other fatal diseases. See U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Secondhand Smoke (SHS) Facts, https://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/data\_statistics/fact\_sheets/secondhand\_smoke/general\_f acts/index.htm (last visited Feb. 11, 2022); and

WHEREAS, studies suggest that secondhand smoke in crowded outdoor areas can cause concentrations of air contaminants comparable to those caused by indoor smoking. Nipapun Kungskulniti et al., Secondhand Smoke Point-Source Exposures Assessed By Particulate Matter At Two Popular Public Beaches in Thailand, 40 J. Public Health 3. 527–532 (2017), https://academic.oup.com/jpubhealth/

article/40/3/527/4110319?guestAccessKey=5947c328-fd75-4b6c-acfe-28f989c4c639 (last visited Feb. 11, 2022); James Repace, Benefits of Smoke-free Regulations in Outdoor Settings: Beaches, Golf Courses, Parks, Patios and in Motor Vehicles, 34 WM Mitchell L. Rev. 1621, 1622–1624, 1638 (2008), https://open.mitchellhamline.edu/wmlr/vol34/iss4/15/ (last visited Feb. 11, 2022); and

WHEREAS, the U.S. Center for Disease Control states that secondhand smoke is generally defined as smoke from burning tobacco products or smoke that is exhaled by a tobacco smoker; and

WHEREAS, the current law prohibits cities and counties from establishing reasonable smoke-free zones or designated smoking areas so that our young people can enjoy playing on playgrounds, at recreation facilities, or athletic fields or watching their siblings play without encountering dangerous secondhand smoke; and

WHEREAS, the Florida Clean Indoor Act legislative amendments were filed and adopted in the 2022 Session of the Florida Legislature and allow municipalities and counties to protect the youth of their community through the designation of smoke-free zones or designated smoking areas; and

WHEREAS, once tobacco smokers at a public beach or in a public park finish smoking, the Town Council finds that smokers simply throw the remaining tobacco product on the ground causing litter and damaging public aesthetics; and

WHEREAS, the Town Council has determined that it is in the public interest to restrict smoking on the beach and in public parks as permitted by the Florida Clean Air Act; and

WHEREAS, the Town Council finds that this Ordinance is in promotion of the public health and safety of the Town by providing for prohibiting the use of certain tobacco products causing secondhand smoke on public beaches and in public parks; and

WHEREAS, the Town Council finds that this Ordinance is in promotion of the public aesthetics of the Town by reducing the opportunity for the disposal of tobacco products on public beaches and in public parks.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ENACTED BY THE TOWN OF INDIALANTIC, FLORIDA:

SECTION 1. Recitals. Each and all of the recitals ("WHEREAS" clauses) are hereby incorporated herein.

SECTION 2. That the Code of Ordinances of Indialantic, Florida, is hereby amended by adding a section, to be numbered 8-8, which said section reads as

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# Sec. 8-8. Smoking restricted in parks and the ocean beach.

Smoking in town or county owned public parks is prohibited as provided in section 26-71 and subject to the penalties as set forth in section 26-73 of this code.

SECTION 3. That the Code of Ordinances of Indialantic, Florida, is hereby amended by adding a section, to be numbered 8-91, which said section reads as follows:

## Sec. 8-91. Smoking restricted at the ocean beach.

Smoking at the ocean beach is prohibited as provided in section 26-71 and subject to the penalties as set forth in section 26-73 of this code.

SECTION 4. That section 26-70 of the Code of Ordinances of Indialantic, Florida, is hereby amended to read as follows:

#### Sec. 26-70. - Definitions.

The following words, terms, and phrases, when used in this article, shall have the meanings ascribed to them in this section, except where the context clearly indicates a different:

Dump means to dump, throw, discard, place, deposit, or dispose of.

Litter means any garbage; rubbish; trash; refuse; can; bottle; box; container; paper; disposable package; scrap metal; tobacco product; tire; appliance; mechanical equipment or part; building or construction material; tool; machinery; wood; motor vehicle or motor vehicle part; vessel; aircraft; farm machinery or equipment; sludge from a waste treatment facility, water supply treatment plant, or air pollution control facility; or substance in any form resulting from domestic, industrial, commercial, mining, agricultural, or governmental operations. Consistent with F.S. § 790.33, ammunition and firearms shall not be included in this definition.

Litter enforcement officer means any officer of the Florida Highway Patrol, a county sheriff's department, a town law enforcement officer, a town code enforcement officer certified by the town police chief as having been trained in the issuance of citations pursuant to this article, or a law enforcement officer of the Department of Environmental Protection or the Fish and Wildlife Conservation Commission.

Litter receptacle means any container constructed and placed for public use as a depository for litter.

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175 Motor vehicle means an automobile, motorcycle, truck, trailer, semitrailer, truck tractor,
176 or semitrailer combination or any other vehicle that is powered by a motor.

*Private property* means property owned by any person (other than public property), including but not limited to yards, grounds, driveways, entrances or passageways, parking areas, any body of water, vacant land, or private recreational facility.

Public property means any area that is used or held out for use by the public whether owned or operated by public or private interests, including but not limited to highways, streets, alleys, beaches, parks, recreational areas, parking lots, sidewalks, medians, causeways, or bodies of water.

Smoking means inhaling, exhaling, burning, carrying, or possessing any lighted tobacco product, including cigarettes, cigars, pipe tobacco, and any other lighted tobacco product. See F.S. §386.203 (2022).

Tobacco product means loose tobacco suitable for smoking; cigar; cigarette; snuff; snuff flour; cavendish; plug and twist tobacco; fine cuts and other chewing tobacco; shorts; refuse scraps; clippings, cuttings, and sweepings of tobacco, and other kinds and forms of tobacco prepared in such manner as to be suitable for chewing. cf. generally F.S. §§ 210.25(12) and 569.02(8) (2022).

SECTION 5. That section 26-71 of the Code of Ordinances of Indialantic, Florida, is hereby amended to read as follows:

#### Sec. 26-71. - Unlawful acts.

- (a) Acts prohibited. It is unlawful for any person to dump litter as herein defined in any manner or amount:
- (1) In or on any public highway, road, street, alley or thoroughfare, including any portion of the right-of-way thereof, or any other public lands, including but not limited to any town or county owned public park or publicly owned beach, except in litter receptacles. When any litter is thrown or discarded from a motor vehicle, the owner, where knowledge is shown, or the operator of the motor vehicle, or both, shall be deemed in violation of this article.
- (2) In or on any river, stream, tidal, or coastal water of the state or other body of water within the town. When any litter is thrown or discarded from a boat, the

owner, where knowledge is shown, or the operator of the boat, or both, shall be deemed in violation of this article. 216 In or on any private property, unless prior consent of the owner of 217 said private property has been given and unless the dumping of such litter by such 218 person will not cause a public nuisance or otherwise be in violation of any other state 219 or local law, rule, or regulation. 220 221 Smoking. 222 (c) 223 It is unlawful for any person to smoke a tobacco product within the 224 boundaries of any public beach or "ocean beach" as defined in section 8-75 of the town 225 code, or public park owned by the town or the county; provided, that pursuant to F.S. 226 § 386.209, F.S., this provision shall not apply to the smoking of unfiltered cigars. 227 Accord sections 8-8 and 8-91 of the town code. This provision shall not apply to Nance 228 Sea Turtle Park or Sunrise Park, which are state owned lands. 229 230 The town manager, or said manager's designee, must 231 conspicuously post, or cause to be posted, signs stating that smoking of tobacco 232 products (except as provided by state law unfiltered cigars) is prohibited on the ocean 233 beach, or county or town owned public park, as applicable. Each sign posted pursuant to 234 this paragraph must have letters of reasonable size which can be easily read. 235 236 That section 26-73(a) and (e) of the Code of Ordinances of <sup>2</sup>237 SECTION 6. Indialantic, Florida, is hereby amended to read as follows: 238 239 240 Sec. 26-73. - Enforcement. 241 242 (a) Citations generally. 243 Any litter enforcement officer may issue a citation to any person 244 (1) violating the requirements of section 8-37 (Garbage disposal), section 26-39 (Placing 245 on land of another), section 26-40 (Construction or landscaping debris on streets, 246 vacant lots), section 26-71 (unlawful acts; smoking and litter control), or F.S. § 403.413, 247 the Florida Litter Law, as amended from time to time. 248 249 A violator may pay the fine as provided in subsection (e) of this 250

(e) Penalties.

(1) Penalties imposed for the violation of <u>sections 8-37, 26-39, 26-40,</u> or <u>section 26-71 of this town code</u>, shall be:

section and waive his right to a hearing and enforcement by a county court judge.

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- a. One hundred dollars <u>for a first offense</u>, if paid to the finance director of the town within ten days of issuance of the citation.
- b. <u>Three</u> Two-hundred dollars <u>for a second or subsequent</u> <u>offense</u> if paid to the finance director of the town more than ten days but within 20 days of issuance of the citation.

As used herein, payment of the above set forth fine means that payment in U.S. dollars by valid credit card, certified bank cashier's check, or in cash, has been remitted and received by the <u>town</u> finance director <u>within twenty days of issuance of the citation</u> the <u>timeframe-set forth above</u>. For individuals wishing to pay by credit card, the credit card holder will be responsible for all credit card company transaction fees.

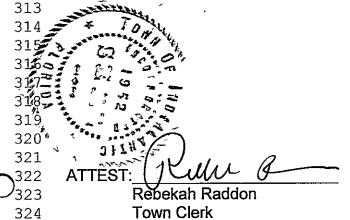
- (2) If the fine outlined in subsection (e)(1) is not paid within the 20 day period outlined therein, the clerk shall cause the violator listed on the citation to be served with a court summons requiring payment or attendance at a hearing at a time and place specified on such summons in accordance with Florida Rules of Criminal Procedure. A county judge, after a hearing, shall make a determination as to whether a littering violation has been committed and may impose a penalty as permitted by F.S. §§ 162.21 and 386.208, which is a fine as set forth above of not less than \$300.00, nor more than \$500.00, plus applicable and legally imposed court costs.
- (3) Nonpayment of the penalty, as defined above, within such 20 day period shall be <u>prima facie</u> prima facie evidence of the violator's election to waive the right to pay the fine imposed in subsection (e)(1)a. or b.
- SECTION 7. Sections 8-8, 8-91, and 26-71(c)(1) of this code shall not be enforceable until the signage referenced in Section 26-71(c)(2) has been posted by the Town.

## SECTION 8. Severability Clause/Interpretation.

- (a) In the event that any term, provision, clause, sentence or section of this Ordinance shall be held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be partially or wholly unenforceable or invalid for any reason whatsoever, any such invalidity, illegality, or unenforceability shall not affect any of the other or remaining terms, provisions, clauses, sentences, or sections of this Ordinance, and this Ordinance shall be read and/or applied as if the invalid, illegal, or unenforceable term, provision, clause, sentence, or section did not exist.
- (b) That in interpreting this Ordinance, underlined words indicate additions to existing text, and stricken through words include deletions from existing text.

$O_{301}^{300}$	Asterisks (* * * *) indicate a deletion from the Ordinance of text, which exists in the Code
$\bigcirc$ 301	of Ordinances. It is intended that the text in the Code of Ordinances denoted by the
302	asterisks and not set forth in this Ordinance shall remain unchanged from the language
303	existing prior to adoption of this Ordinance.
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305	<ul><li>(c) Section 7. of this Ordinance shall not be codified.</li></ul>
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307	SECTION 9. Effective Date. This Ordinance shall become effective upon
308	adoption.
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310	PASSED by the Town Council of the Town of Indialantic on first reading on the

PASSED by the Town Council of the Town of Indialantic on first reading on the day of September, 2022, and ADOPTED by the Town Council of the Town of Indialantic, Florida on final reading on the 12th day of October, 2022.



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> David Berkman Mayor